

Malo, P., Sinha, A., Takala, P., Ahlgren, O., and Lappalainen, I.:

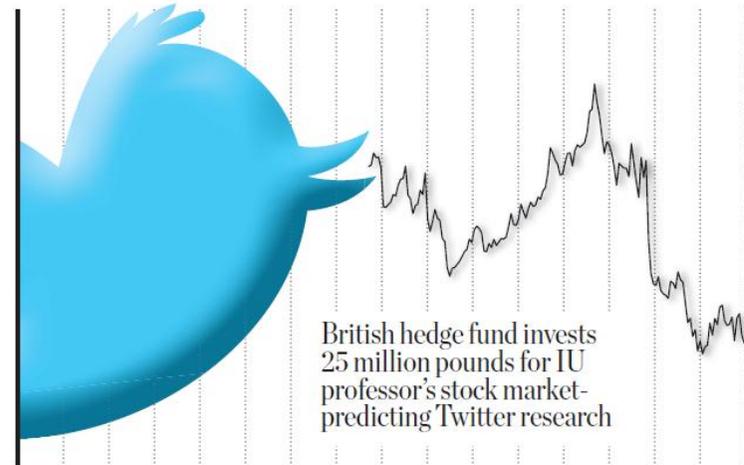
# **Learning the Roles of Directional Expressions and Domain Concepts in Financial News Analysis**

# Financial sentiment could be used to predict stock and economic metrics

---

- Predict stock performance: trading volume, volatility, return
- Predict changes in economic metrics, e.g. consumer confidence
- Assess risk of long-term investments, portfolios etc.

## A TRENDING #INVESTMENT



# Standard sentiment extraction is not well suited for financial news

---

## Financial news

- Well structured and clear language
- Relatively small vocabulary
- Numbers and expressions on changes in them ubiquitous
- Sentiment not always same as in common language



**Text of other domains** (Politics, sports, short stories...)



**User-generated texts** (Twitter, movie reviews by users, ...)

# Nearly 5,000 sentences were annotated for sentiment (1/2)

---

## Examples of dataset

---

Net sales revenue per passenger is expected to increase.

Cash flow from operations totalled EUR 2.71 mn, compared to a negative EUR 0.83 mn in the corresponding period in 2008.

Cardona slowed her vehicle, turned around and returned to the intersection, where she called 911.

In addition to verification of an identity and digital signatures, new state-approved Mobile ID enables to cast votes in elections as well.

However, the growth margin slowed down due to the financial crisis.

According to Finnish petrol station chain St1's managing director Kim Wiio, the company was forced to make purchases with rising prices in the first half of 2008, and now consumer prices are going down almost daily due to competition.

---

## Nearly 5,000 sentences were annotated for sentiment (2/2)

---

### Examples of dataset

---

Net sales revenue per passenger is expected to increase.

Cash flow from operations totalled EUR 2.71 mn, compared to a negative EUR 0.83 mn in the corresponding period in 2008.

Cardona slowed her vehicle, turned around and returned to the intersection, where she called 911.

In addition to verification of an identity and digital signatures, new state-approved Mobile ID enables to cast votes in elections as well.

However, the growth margin slowed down due to the financial crisis.

According to Finnish petrol station chain St1's managing director Kim Wiio, the company was forced to make purchases with rising prices in the first half of 2008, and now consumer prices are going down almost daily due to competition.

---

- ~5,000 sentences annotated for sentiment
- Positive, neutral, negative
- Sentences selected randomly from financial news and press releases of stock-exchange listed companies

# Annotation quality was strictly monitored to ensure quality output

---

Annotators knowledgeable on financial news



16<sup>1</sup> annotators with various cultural backgrounds



Annotators unbiased



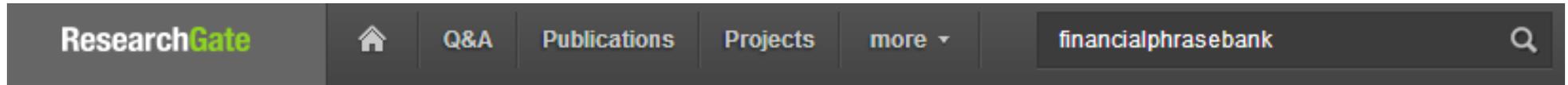
All annotators instructed in same way



FinancialPhraseBank includes a dataset with sentences where all annotators agree



# FinancialPhraseBank is available for your use on ResearchGate



## Search results

Q financialphrasebank

### PUBLICATIONS



Source

#### Dataset: FinancialPhraseBank-v1.0

Pekka Malo, Ankur Sinha, Pyy Takala, Pekka Korhonen, Jyrki Wallenius

Publish resources

RESEARCHERS · 0

TOPICS · 0

QUESTIONS · 0

**PUBLICATIONS · 1**

JOB · 0

## A set of lexicons were used to assist classification

---

### Lexicon

General  
polarity-  
bearing  
expressions

- Positive, negative, neutral
- MPQA / Loughran & McDonald's dictionary

### Example

- MPQA: *He started to think about his car **debt**.*
- L&M: *The company's **debt** at end of the period was 100EURm.*

## A set of lexicons were used to assist classification

Lexicon		Example
<p>General polarity-bearing expressions</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Positive, negative, neutral</li> <li>■ MPQA / Loughran &amp; McDonald's dictionary</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ MPQA: <i>He started to think about his car <b>debt</b>.</i></li> <li>■ L&amp;M: <i>The company's <b>debt</b> at end of the period was 100EURm.</i></li> </ul>
<p>Financial entities</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Prior polarity and directional dependence (e.g. "positive-if-up")</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ <i>The company halved its <u>operating loss</u> due to...</i></li> </ul> <div data-bbox="1475 658 1997 876" style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 15px; padding: 10px; margin-top: 10px;"> <p>Directional dependence: negative-if-up</p> <p>Prior polarity: neutral</p> </div>

## A set of lexicons were used to assist classification

Lexicon	Example
<div data-bbox="49 361 366 582" style="background-color: #4a7ebb; color: white; padding: 5px;">General polarity-bearing expressions</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Positive, negative, neutral</li> <li>■ MPQA / Loughran &amp; McDonald's dictionary</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ MPQA: <i>He started to think about his car <b>debt</b>.</i></li> <li>■ L&amp;M: <i>The company's <b>debt</b> at end of the period was 100EURm.</i></li> </ul>
<div data-bbox="49 604 366 882" style="background-color: #4a7ebb; color: white; padding: 5px;">Financial entities</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Prior polarity and directional dependence (e.g. "positive-if-up")</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ <i>The company <u>halved</u> its <u>operating loss</u> due to...</i></li> </ul> <div data-bbox="1475 658 1999 882" style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 10px; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;">           Directional dependence: negative-if-up            Prior polarity: neutral         </div>
<div data-bbox="49 903 366 1052" style="background-color: #4a7ebb; color: white; padding: 5px;">Direction of events</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Up &amp; down categories</li> </ul>	<div data-bbox="1069 903 1456 1058" style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 10px; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;">           Direction: down         </div>

## A set of lexicons were used to assist classification

Lexicon		Example
<b>General polarity-bearing expressions</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Positive, negative, neutral</li> <li>■ MPQA / Loughran &amp; McDonald's dictionary</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ MPQA: <i>He started to think about his car <b>debt</b>.</i></li> <li>■ L&amp;M: <i>The company's <b>debt</b> at end of the period was 100EURm.</i></li> </ul>
<b>Financial entities</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Prior polarity and directional dependence (e.g. "positive-if-up")</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ <i>The company <u>halved</u> its <u>operating loss</u> due to...</i></li> </ul> <div data-bbox="1069 658 1997 1058" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px; margin-top: 10px;"> <div data-bbox="1477 686 1997 882" style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 10px; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;">           Directional dependence: negative-if-up            Prior polarity: neutral         </div> <div data-bbox="1069 908 1456 1058" style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 10px; padding: 5px;">           Direction: down         </div> </div>
<b>Direction of events</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Up &amp; down categories</li> </ul>	
<b>Negators, uncertainty and modals</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Negators, boosters and diminishers, modal operators, uncertainty words</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ <i>The company's results were <u>not</u> <b>bad</b></i></li> </ul> <div data-bbox="1396 1165 1779 1308" style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 10px; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;">           Negator         </div>

## 3 types of classification methods were tested

---

### Voting-rule classifier

- Baseline to compare to
- Vote for the category that majority of polarity-bearing expressions falls under

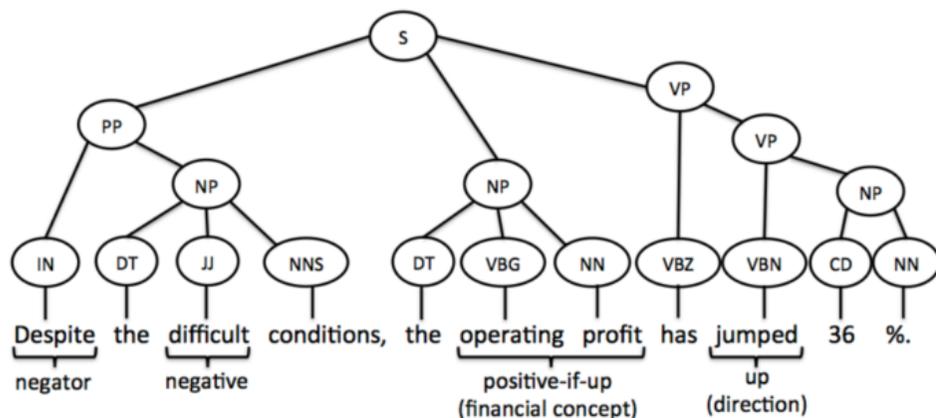
### Polarity-interactions

- Tree-structure of sentences: how do concepts relate to each other
- Constituent syntactic trees
- Typed-dependency trees

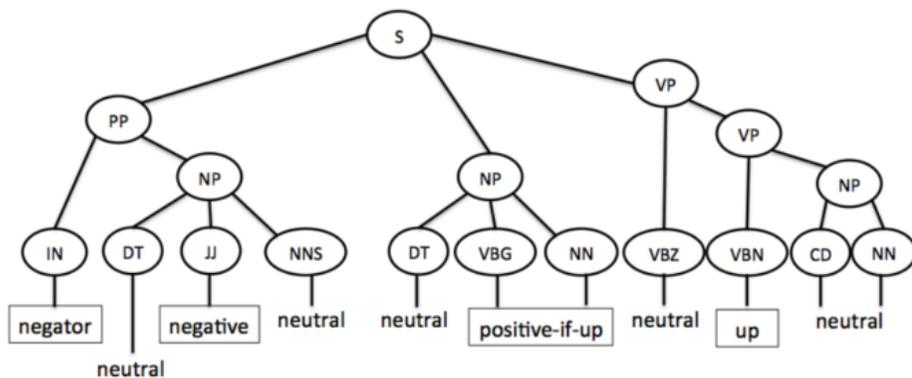
### Polarity-orders

- Simple lexical sequence trees

# Constituent syntactic trees and Typed-dependency trees were formed, and augmented with polarity-information (1/2)



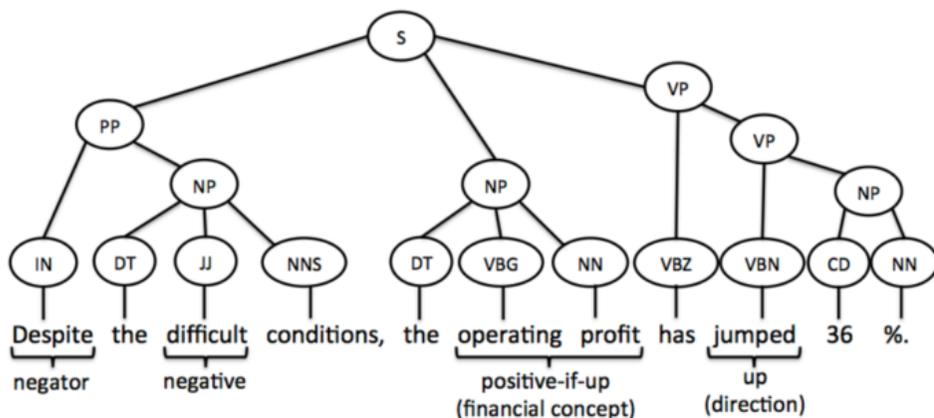
(a) Original constituent syntactic tree



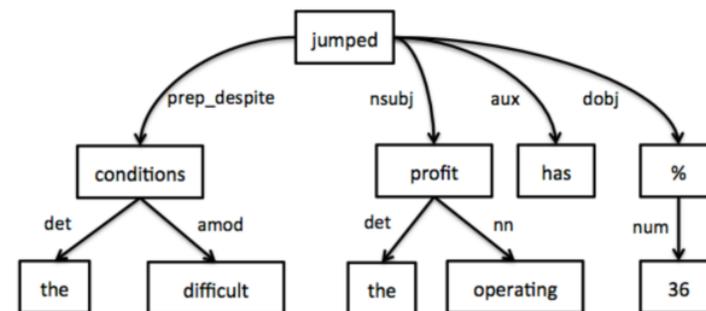
(b) Polarized constituent syntactic tree

Fig. 2. Polarization of constituent syntactic trees.

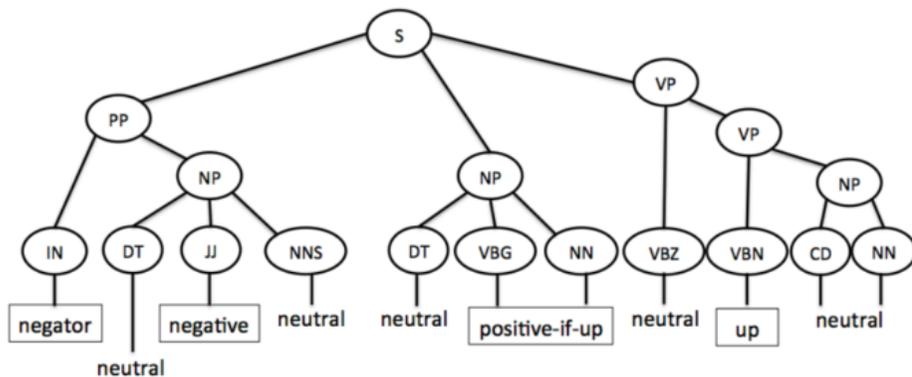
# Constituent syntactic trees and Typed-dependency trees were formed, and augmented with polarity-information (2/2)



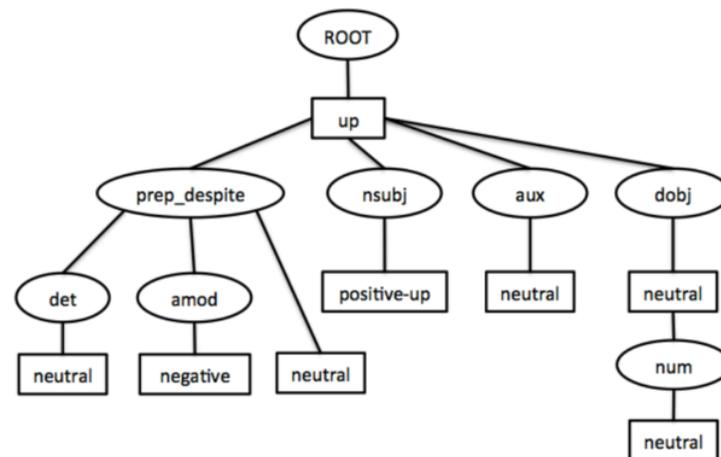
(a) Original constituent syntactic tree



(a) Original typed-dependency graph



(b) Polarized constituent syntactic tree

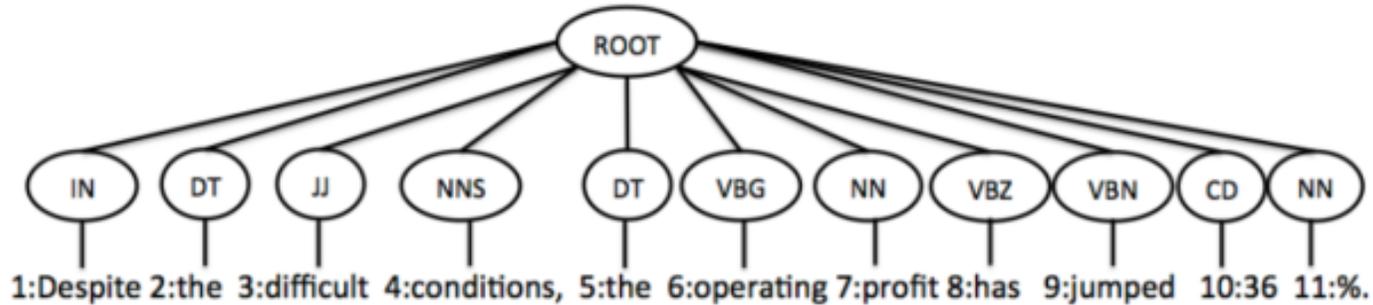


(b) Polarized typed-dependency tree

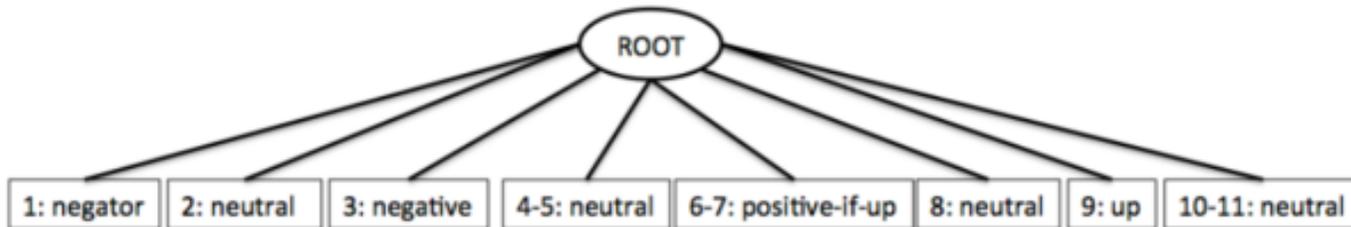
Fig. 2. Polarization of constituent syntactic trees.

Fig. 3. Polarization of typed-dependency trees.

## Lexical sequence trees were also polarized



(a) Lexical sequence tree

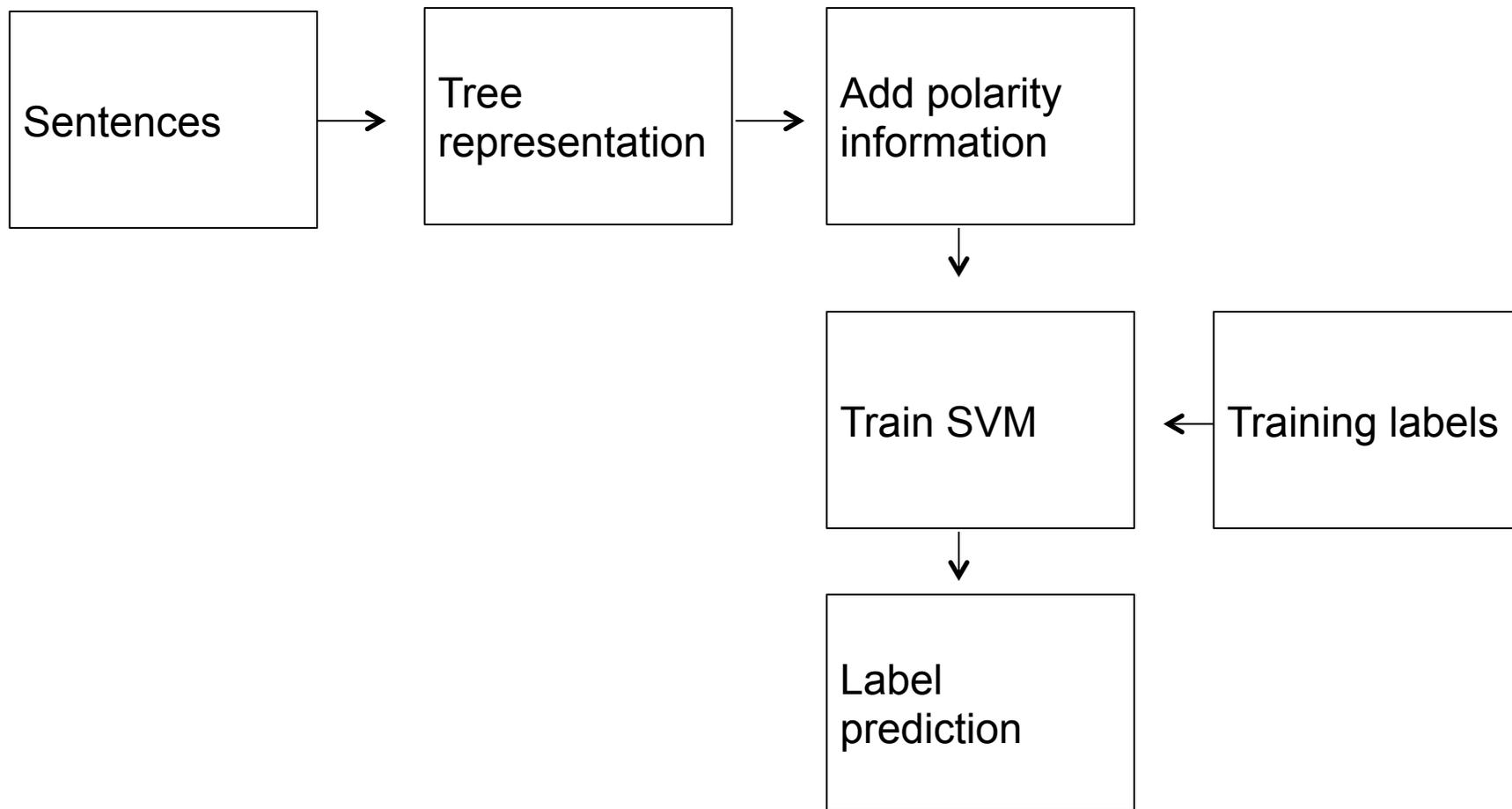


(b) Polarized lexical sequence tree

Fig. 4. Polarization of lexical sequence trees.

## Next, one-against-one SVM was trained with the training data and the tree-structure information

---



## Combined tree models lead to best results (1/2)

---

	Positive <sup>1)</sup>			
	A	R	P	F
VR-L	0.69	0.19	0.70	0.29
VR-MPQA	0.66	0.60	0.51	0.55
VR-S	0.49	0.61	0.36	0.45
LP-MPQA	0.66	0.53	0.50	0.52
LP-F	0.79	0.70	0.69	0.69
DP-F	0.70	0.35	0.62	0.45
CP-F	0.78	0.58	<b>0.73</b>	0.64
DP-LP-F	0.81	0.83	0.69	0.75
CP-LP-F	<b>0.82</b>	<b>0.85</b>	0.69	<b>0.77</b>

### Algorithms

VP = Voting

LP = Sequence tree

CP = Constituent syntactic tree

DP = Typed-dependency tree

### Lexicons

L = Loughran & McDonald

MPQA = MPQA (by Wilson)

S = SentiWordNet

F = Financial database

### Metrics

A = Accuracy

R = Recall

P = Precision

F = F1-score

## Combined tree models lead to best results (2/2)

	Positive <sup>1)</sup>			
	A	R	P	F
VR-L	0.69	0.19	0.70	0.29
VR-MPQA	0.66	0.60	0.51	0.55
VR-S	0.49	0.61	0.36	0.45
LP-MPQA	0.66	0.53	0.50	0.52
LP-F	0.79	0.70	0.69	0.69
DP-F	0.70	0.35	0.62	0.45
CP-F	0.78	0.58	<b>0.73</b>	0.64
DP-LP-F	0.81	0.83	0.69	0.75
CP-LP-F	<b>0.82</b>	<b>0.85</b>	0.69	<b>0.77</b>



Domain knowledge is useful



Interaction kernels enhance performance



Sequence is more important than interaction

Sequence and interactions together yield best results

Model also generalizes well outside financial domain

### Algorithms

VP = Voting

LP = Sequence tree

CP = Constituent syntactic tree

DP = Typed-dependency tree

### Lexicons

L = Loughran & McDonald

MPQA = MPQA (by Wilson)

S = SentiWordNet

F = Financial database

### Metrics

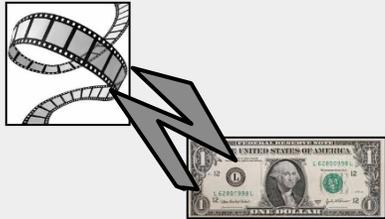
A = Accuracy

R = Recall

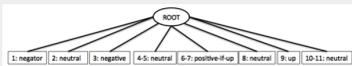
P = Precision

F = F1-score

# To summarize...



- Sentiment in finance is not equal to sentiment in movie reviews



- Tree-kernels, augmented with polarity information, can be used to classify text for sentiment

#### Examples of dataset

Net sales revenue per passenger is expected to increase.

Cash flow from operations totalled EUR 2.71 mn, compared to a negative EUR 0.83 mn in the corresponding period in 2008.

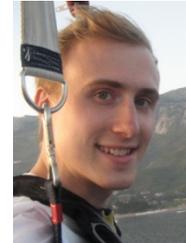
Cardona slowed her vehicle, turned around and returned to the intersection, where she called 911.

In addition to verification of an identity and digital signatures, new state-approved Mobile ID enables to cast votes in elections as well.

Cardona slowed her vehicle, turned around and returned to the intersection, where she called 911.

According to Finnish petrol station chain S11's managing director Kim Wilo, the company was forced to make purchases with rising prices in the first half of 2008, and now consumer prices are going down almost daily due to competition.

- You are welcome to test your methods with our data (available on ResearchGate: “FinancialPhraseBank”)



**Presenter:**

pyry.takala@aalto.fi



**Lead author:**

pekka.malo@aalto.fi